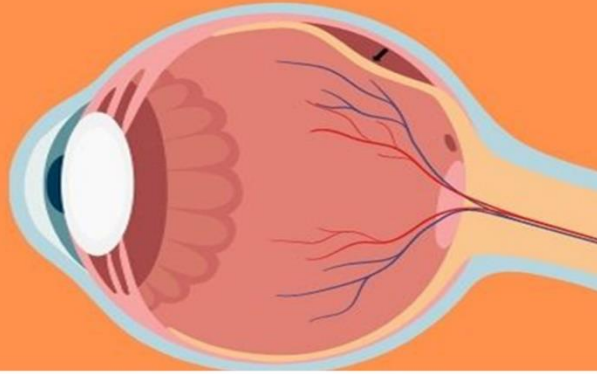


OPTIC NEUROPATHY



PATIENT DIET



▶ DIET TIPS TO MANAGE THE SYMPTOMS OF OPTIC NEUROPATHY

The term optic neuropathy describes any abnormality or damage to the optic nerve. This could be caused by blocked blood flow, certain medical conditions, or toxic exposure. One particular condition that could cause this is called optic neuritis. Many individuals experience vision loss as a symptom, which may be total and sudden or include cloudiness, blurring, a decrease in colour perception, a decrease in peripheral vision, or vision flickering on and off.

According to various studies, a balanced diet with proper care and treatment can help slow down the symptoms of optic neuropathy quickly. Below learn about some general diet tips that may be beneficial in treating the condition. However, it is strongly advisable that you should consult a specialist before doing any dietary changes in your diet plan.

However, if you develop any of the symptoms mentioned above and looking for a safe and effective non-surgical treatment you can consider choosing Stem Cell Care India for the best stem cell treatment for optic neuropathy in India. Don't hesitate to talk to our highly knowledgeable staff for guidance.

▶ WHAT FOODS YOU SHOULD ADD IN YOUR OPTIC NEUROPATHY DIET PLAN?

Experts say a balanced and nutritious diet can play a complementary role in supporting your visual health and symptoms of optic neuropathy. Here are some varieties of foods that are advantageous for individuals with this particular condition called optic neuropathy.



Leafy greens: Rich in lutein and zeaxanthin, leafy greens such as spinach, kale, and collard greens have the power to promote eye health. These antioxidants defend the retina and optic nerve from oxidative stress, thus reducing the risk of harm and improving eye performance.

Colourful vegetables and fruits: Fruits such as oranges, strawberries, and kiwis are rich in Vitamin C and are thus essential for keeping the blood vessels in the eyes healthy and supporting the optic nerve. Moreover, brightly coloured vegetables and fruits like blueberries, carrots, and bell peppers are great sources of key nutrients like beta-carotene and anthocyanins, which can be immensely useful for better eye health.

Omega-3 fatty acids: The consumption of fatty fish like salmon, sardines and mackerel, which are rich in omega-3 fatty acids, can help reduce inflammation and improve blood flow to the eyes. These beneficial fatty acids also support the maintenance of cell membranes in the optic nerve, promoting better nerve functioning and potentially slowing the advancement of optic neuropathy.

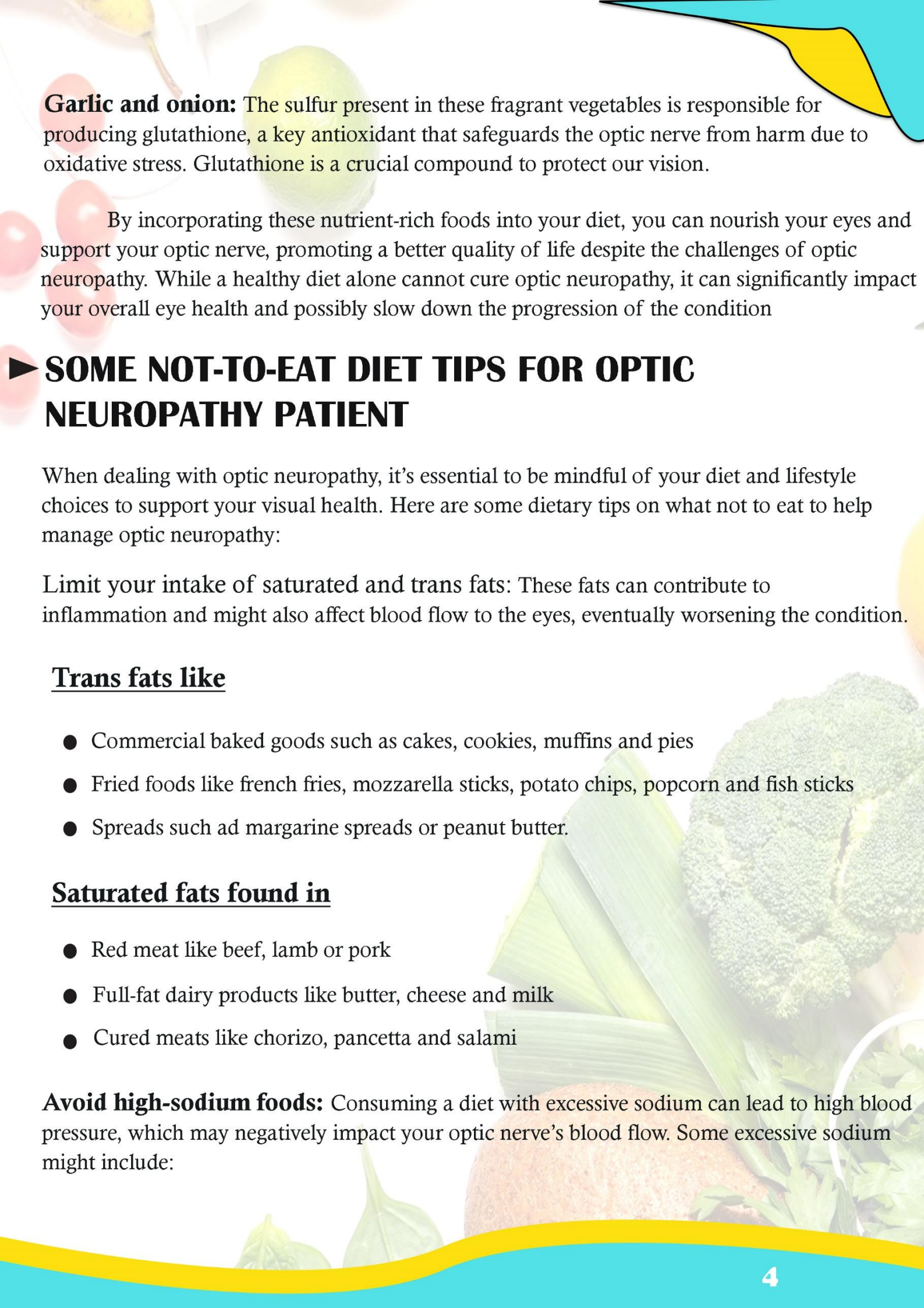
Seeds and nuts: Vitamin E and omega-3 fatty acids are found in abundance in almonds, walnuts, chia seeds, and flaxseeds. This vitamin's antioxidant properties may help protect the optic nerve cells from the ravages of free radicals.

Legumes: Zinc is necessary for proper eye health, as it is concentrated in the retina and helps to move vitamin A to the eyes from the liver. Beans, lentils and chickpeas are all good sources of zinc and can contribute to proper eye health.

Whole grains: Including whole grains such as brown rice, quinoa, and oats in your diet can supply your optic nerve with a practically unending flow of energy, and help to regulate your blood sugar level, which if not kept stable can worsen optic neuropathy. Eating whole grains can help this condition in check.

Eggs: Eggs are packed with essential nutrients such as lutein, zeaxanthin, vitamin E and zinc, which are especially beneficial for those suffering from optic neuropathy. Adding eggs to your diet provides a comprehensive combination of essential vitamins and minerals, helping you make the most of your meals.

Green tea: Green tea is packed with beneficial antioxidants, such as catechins, that may play a part in improving eye health, including the prevention of optic neuropathy. Drinking green tea is one of the most effective ways to ensure your eyes are being cared of.



Garlic and onion: The sulfur present in these fragrant vegetables is responsible for producing glutathione, a key antioxidant that safeguards the optic nerve from harm due to oxidative stress. Glutathione is a crucial compound to protect our vision.

By incorporating these nutrient-rich foods into your diet, you can nourish your eyes and support your optic nerve, promoting a better quality of life despite the challenges of optic neuropathy. While a healthy diet alone cannot cure optic neuropathy, it can significantly impact your overall eye health and possibly slow down the progression of the condition

► **SOME NOT-TO-EAT DIET TIPS FOR OPTIC NEUROPATHY PATIENT**

When dealing with optic neuropathy, it's essential to be mindful of your diet and lifestyle choices to support your visual health. Here are some dietary tips on what not to eat to help manage optic neuropathy:

Limit your intake of saturated and trans fats: These fats can contribute to inflammation and might also affect blood flow to the eyes, eventually worsening the condition.

Trans fats like

- Commercial baked goods such as cakes, cookies, muffins and pies
- Fried foods like french fries, mozzarella sticks, potato chips, popcorn and fish sticks
- Spreads such as margarine spreads or peanut butter.

Saturated fats found in

- Red meat like beef, lamb or pork
- Full-fat dairy products like butter, cheese and milk
- Cured meats like chorizo, pancetta and salami

Avoid high-sodium foods: Consuming a diet with excessive sodium can lead to high blood pressure, which may negatively impact your optic nerve's blood flow. Some excessive sodium might include:

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- Salted nuts and popcorn
 - Frozen breaded meats and dinners such as burritos and pizza
 - Canned entrees like chili, ravioli, and spam
 - Cheese and dairy products
 - Potato chips and tortilla chips
 - Fast foods and canned foods

Avert refined carbohydrates and sugars: Incorporating this into your diet can cause rapid spikes in blood sugar levels and this can contribute to inflammation and may adversely affect the optic nerve's health. Some examples are:

- White bread
- Brown sugar
- Pizza dough
- Pasta
- White flour
- Breakfast cereals
- Sugary drinks
- Sweet desserts like pastries

Avoid caffeine and alcohol: Drinking too much alcohol can cause a lack of essential nutrients and damage to nerves. Caffeine can also reduce the body's ability to absorb those nutrients. It is important to limit your alcohol consumption and not overdo it with caffeine.

Stay away from allergenic foods: Some people who have optic neuropathy may have an undiagnosed food sensitivity or allergy that can make their symptoms worse. It's important to observe how one's body reacts to different food items and to seek medical advice if any new allergies are suspected.

Consulting with your healthcare provider or a registered dietitian can help you create a personal, balanced diet that includes regular exercise and appropriate medical care to manage optic neuropathy and promote overall well-being.

However, if your condition is severe, you can also seek help from stem cell therapy for optic neuropathy in Delhi from SSCI. Our experts are dedicated to offering you the best treatment than others with affordable planning, we'll also help you with all your hospital trips from picking up from the airport to dropping off at the hospital. So, don't hesitate to contact our team for more details.



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